THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION—"*The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*"—JOHNSON.

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THE HUNTRESS

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BY

MRS. ANNE ROYALL.

TERMS.

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SELECTED TALES.

From the Schohegan Sentinel.

THE WINNER WEARS.

(*Continued.*)

Howbeit, they were on the point of being overmastered, when Sir Guy's coachman who contended on foot, disengaged himself dexterously from the throng, and leaping into an arm of the roadside tree, yelped out, 'Odds fish! here they come! Four, eight, twelve true men in full gallop! Now, rascally Roundheads, have at ye!' But the Roundheads took to their heels on hearing of these succors, and left the field to their victors.'

'Ha! ha! ha!' vociferated the driver, when they were out of sight, 'who'd- ha' dreamed of their not smelling the device?'

'Device! heart o' grace! was there then no reinforcement at hand?' asked Sir Guy, wiping his forehead.

'Yes, a reinforcement of a dozen sheep, returned the man, with a peculiar chuckle then relapsing into his former silent gravity, he slightly bowed, and remounted his coach box; whilst Penruddock turned to his deliverers, and eagerly thanked them for their interference.

'Tush! good Sir Guy,' said Massinger—'we do no more than we should expect thou wouldst, were we in similar jeopardy.'

'Hark in your ear, gallants,' replied the knight—those canting ruffians would ha' done me to death, with a wanion to 'em! had it not been for your timely arrival, indeed I am hugely astonished that we were not all massacred, but as I have received no other mischief than a few scratches, I deem myself beholden to you for life, and demand to know in what way I can best discharge my debt!'

'There is but one way of payment,' cried both cavaliers at once.

'Name it—name it, and by all that's sacred, it is your's!'

'The Lady Katrine Penruddock's hand.'

'The dickens it be!' cried the knight with surprise, (the demandants, whom he knew by sight, not being among the list of her avowed suitors.) 'Go to! does not a certain *dowry*, which I wot of, prompt that demand!'

'By my life, no,' hastily replied Vernon, 'It is the possession of herself I covet. Her eminent charms, her beauteous form, and her voice—so soft, so sweet, so wild in its intonations, have enslaved my affections.'

'And alas! I am in as woful a plight,' said Wilfred—and unless I can call her mine, I will embrace Popery and turn monk.'

'Heaven forfend!' cried Sir Guy, in a dismal tone. 'But how am I to act, gentlemen? My daughter would, I am sure, bestow her hand upon any noble cavalier, to whom I owed my life—but I cannot perceive how she can accept two under such circumstances. I pr'ythee one of you withdraw your claim, and name same equivalent.'

'That is but just,' said Vernon, 'therefore, friend Wilfred, as I was first to quit the forest at the sound of fighting, I, with all humility, arrogate a prior claim to choose my guerdon.'

'I cry you mercy, Frank!' returned Massinger—'here is a sword which was aimed at Sir Guy's throat, and would have forced an entrance, had I not wrested it from its master's hand—I, in consequence, maintain the right to be mine.'

'But I will not concede it,' remarked Francis, with an air of cool determination'

'Nor will I,' said Wilfred, with equal phlegm.

'Truly, brave sirs, this is a perplexing matter. Can naught be done to decide the case in question?'

'I will fight him an' you will,' replied Wilfred, carelessly, and glancing at his sword.

'That challenge shall not serve thy turn, Massinger—thou knowest I am match for thee at sword play, [illegible] will game with thee, if Katrine be the stake,' returned the wily Vernon, with a ready confidence in his own skill.

'My daughter shall neither be fought nor played for, sirs, rejoined Penruddock, haughtily—'but if so please ye—and as my oath is passed—the greater *wit* of the two shall gain the maiden.'

'Wit! a weapon I love!' cried the volatile Massinger—'but how is the question to be solved of which bears the palm in that accomplishment?'

'Thus: each set forth towards Penruddock castle, with all the speed you may—and he who first reaches my daughter's presence, shall have a brace of days to woo the maid without interruption, and at the end of that time, if she be willing, call her wife.'

'How now, Sir Guy,' exclaimed Vernon, will not this be more like a match between our horses than a trial of wit?'

'Fair and softly? Ye have full freedom to retard each other's progress by plot or counterplot, and he who proves most fertile in such devices establishes himself the greater wit—the wittiest wins, and the *winner wears*. Provided always that Kate gives her consent.'

'Agreed!' cried the young sparks, simultaneously.

But Sir Guy, motioning them to silence, thus continued. ''Twill be necessary, I trow, to furnish ye both with a token to present to Kate when you reach her, should I chance to be absent, and, as I have my tablets about me, a few words in writing shall suffice. Here, Jocelyn!' he added, addressing his coachman, 'canst write, man!'

'I *rede* me I can, replied the fellow; but whether a quip was intended, his fixed, strongly marked features did not betray. He took the tablets, and wrote down the following words from Sir Guy's dictation.

'My daughter Kate—The bearer hereof saved thy father's life at the risk of his own, and, in return, asked the boon of thy hand; let thine affection for me dictate thy conduct.'

Having signed this, Sir Guy bade Jocelyn transcribe it. and then presented a copy to each of the aspirants. 'And now,' said he, 'let us to my coach, and disinter a flask of Canary from my travelling case, that we may take a cup at parting.'

This was right heartily complied with—and it was subsequently stipulated that our heroes were not to start upon their matrimonial chase until an hour after Sir Guy Penruddock's departure—in sooth, they would be unable to proceed beyond Towcester that day, having already ridden thirty miles—and as the knight's horses were fresh, he calculated on gaining a day's march upon them, by reaching Thrapston, nearly five leagues onwards, before sunset, so that he could be at home in ample time to apprize the fair Katrine of his whimsical contract. It is of course to be understood that, before Sir Guy gave any final promise, he ascertained the condition and connections of his deliverers, that he might not have to blush in acknowledging either as a son-in-law—and having at length brought matters to a conclusion, he entered his elephantine coach, and was speedily whirled out of sight.

'Foregad!' 'tis a pleasant adventure. I marvel which will be the gainer by it?' said Frank Vernon.

'I share in your wonderment, but by the blind goddess! had I not this morning, in merry mood, changed my empty purse for Aubert's full one, (rest his soul!) we should ha' been sadly put to it for cash.'

'We should, indeed,' returned Vernon—'and right glad am I that we shared in its contents at the time, else I might have to whistle for my portion.'

'Aptly surmised,' retorted Massinger—but how say you? Shall we seek for poor St. Leon's body ere we start?

'As you please. Search for him, find him, dig a grave, and bury him—'twere a right worthy action.'

The ironical look and manner that accompanied these words, plainly bespoke the speaker's intention of making other use of his time, should Massinger adopt his advice—but Wilfred saw through his motives, [illegible] that it would be time enough when the business in hand was settled, as there was little fear of the body walking away.

When the stipulated hour had arrived, our heroes remounted their already jaded steeds, and after half an hour's hard riding, found themselves at the door of a hostlery—forming the corner house of the Roman Watling street, which passes through the bustling, thriving town of Towcester. Here they again dismounted, and entered the inn together, where the first object that met their view was Jocelyn Jewsbury (Sir Guy Penruddock's coachman,) seated in a huge arm chair, by a snug fire, with a flask of wine before him. The surprised cavaliers eagerly inquired after his master, and were informed by him that Sir Guy, fearing some of their stratagems might be of an unfair nature, had commanded him to remain in Leicester, to see that the race was properly won. This intelligence was equally pleasing to both the young men, as each conceived the idea of making the fellow subservient to his interest, and from his shrewd, penetrating looks and quaint manners, much assistance might be expected from him. In accordance with this resolve, Vernon drew him aside, and slipping a purse of gold into his hand, intimated that he wished to be awakened an hour before daybreak, without Massinger's knowledge. Jocelyn, after eyeing the money, gave a significant nod, and resumed his seat, while Frank quitted the room to give orders for supper. In his absence, Wilfred acted the same scene over again, and with similar success—so that Jewsbury bid fair to reap a golden harvest from their trial of wit.

Morning dawned, and with it were unclosed the rivals eyes. Mutually astonished and vexed at meeting each other on descending to the refreshment room, they turned to Jocelyn for an explanation of his breach of promise.

'In good sooth, noble sirs,' he exclaimed, rubbing his eyes, 'there is no breach of promise in the case—for finding I turned to sleep again, resolving to keep my word to-morrow instead—Nature having hindered me from doing so to-day.'

The dry, simple tone in which this was uttered, plainly told the disappointed cavaliers that it would be useless to bandy words upon the subject—they therefore contented themselves with invoking—not a benediction—upon Jewsbury's head, and then hastily despatching their morning's meal, started along the high road to a wife, closely followed by their new attendant mounted upon a brown mare.

It boots not, courteous reader, to follow our heroes through all the trivial adventures of the day, nor skills it that thou shouldst be informed how Vernon strove to lame his rival's horse—how Wilfred, in return, unshod Frank's gelding, whilst he was indulging in a cup of canary—nor of the thousand and a half other merry tricks they put upon each other—whilst Jocelyn alternately assisted both—but pass we on to the inn at Thrapston, where nose to nose the three arrived at a pace which had set all the honest folks staring whom they met on the road.

'Foregad!' cried Massinger, throwing himself, exhausted, into a seat, 'I must draw upon my brains for better expedients than they have yielded to-day, else my bonny bark will be knocked up ere I reach Peterborough,' and leaning back his head, he summoned his inventive powers to his aid—and they obeyed the behest—and thick coming fancies flitted around him—and lo! they came modelled into a perfect plot, which he imparted to Jocelyn—and at the same time he imparted the weight of a gold coin to the Jehu's palm, who, in turn, imparted a broad grin, and an acquiescent nod—and then they parted for the night.

In the meantime, Vernon had not been idle—being of a more muscular make than Massinger, he was enabled to endure more bodily exercise, and he reflected that if he could change his horse for even one of an inferior quality, he would be able, by Jocelyn's guidance to pursue his journey the greater part of the night. His chief difficulty consisted in giving Wilfred the slip—and as he pondered on the means, he suddenly conceived the idea of denouncing Wilfred as a robber, who had recently killed a noble cavalier in Whittlebury Forest, well knowing that his own and Sir Guy Penruddock's testimony would be sufficient to remove the imputation when his ends were accomplished. Fired with the thought, he once more bribed Jewsbury to embrace his cause, and that Janus-like personage accepted both the bribe and the proposal.

The worthy host, and no less worthy hostess, grew pale as a sliced turnip at the tale which Vernon told them concerning Massinger, (save and except the former's proboscis, which at all times tenaciously retained its 'natural ruby,') and a long conference was forthwith held as to the best mode of procedure. They at length determined that Wilfred should be closely confined until an officer, with the landlord as a witness, returned from searching for the murdered man. Meanwhile Vernon, who pretended to have lured Wilfred hither by various devices, proffered to proceed to Peterborough, where, he said, some friends of the deceased resided. In hopes of acquiring some benefit by any part he might take in this affair, the landlord readily made an offer of two fresh horses for Vernon and his servant, and prepared with all speed, to rouse the officer of justice, and to start with all speed at once for Whittlebury.

The simple host had not departed an hour ere his deceiver, having first ascertained that the door had been suddenly and securely fastened upon Massinger, mounted a good, stout roadster, and attended by Jocelyn with a lantern, joyfully took the road in spite of the fatigue he had undergone. Merrily, merrily went they on, until the bright orb of light once more clad the earth in a garment of gold, and with its first ray, a thick forest was seen to bound the landscape at a distance of about twelve miles, while a large town, with a familiar aspect, reared its walls in the adjacent meadow. Vernon, at this appearance, stopped his panting horse, for the first time since leaving the 'Golden Fleece' at Thrapston, and, with a confused presentiment of some unlucky adventure exclaimed, in tones of thunder, 'I'the fiend's name where are we?'

Jocelyn reined in his steed with the most perfect equanimity, and drily replied, 'Hard by the meadows where Hal the Sixth was beaten by the Yorkists in the year 1460. That is the ancient borough of Northampton—there flows the river Nen—beyond yon coppice is Queen's Cross, which Edward the First erected in memory of Queen Nell—further on is Towcester—and, in the distance, you behold the forest of Whittlebury.'

'How!' shouted Vernon, raising himself in his stirrups. 'Why, thou infant of Beelzebub, what business have we at the forest of Whittlebury, ha?'

'*Bury* thy *whittle* in my heart, an' I show thee not ample cause,' returned Jocelyn, without moving a muscle. He then related that Massinger had fee'd him thus purposely to guide him on a retrograde road. 'You, sir, he added, did not expressly say whither you wished to go, therefore—by joining in your plan, and obeying your friend—I have done my duty faithfully towards both parties.'

There was no controverting this. Vernon clearly saw the inutility of expending any more cash upon Jocelyn, and he once more set his wits to work for means to extricate himself out of his dilemma, to increase which, he now saw the fat landlord and body officer, slowly proceeding from a road-side inn, where they had been taking an hour's repose.

To be continued.

By a proclamation of the new governor of Cuba, the old Spanish quarter dollars pass only at the rate of 25 cents of our money.

WASHINGTON CITY.

SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1840.

NEW MEMBERS OF THE TWENTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

(Continued.)

It appears we have nearly accomplished the difficult task of giving to new members a name in the earth!

The New Jersey members just voted into their seats, are fine, stout, farmer looking men, of a good settled age. If the merits of the election depended upon size, they are certainly entitled to the N. J representation.

Hon. *Philemon Dickerson*, brother of the former Secretary of the Navy, we mentioned in the 24th Congress. The other new members were introduced to us through the politeness of Senator Wall of New Jersey, viz Hon,'s Daniel B. Ryall, Wm. R. Cooper, and Joseph Kille, pronounced *Kelly*.

Hon. *P. D. Vroom* we had not the pleasure to see.

Hon. *Joseph Kelle* is a tall, and very athletic, stout man; weighing nearly two hundred, we should think. *He* is about middle age, though he does not look so old. His face is a medium between oval and round—full and fair. His eye is a mild blue, a little rogueish, by the bye, and his countenance is open gay and good natured, with fair hair.

In his manners Mr. Kille is very plain, unaffected and familiar.

Hon. *Wm. R Cooper*. Mr. C. is about the same age of Mr. Kille, perhaps not so old. He is likewise a tall, finely shaped figure, very stout and robust. His face is oval, with regular, manly features, rather dark, with black hair. His eye is blue and stern—his countenance is staid and intelligent, and his manners are polite but distant.

Hon. *Daniel B. Ryall*. Mr. R. comes within one letter of our own name, and no doubt comes from the same stock, which is *Welsh*, as the double l at the end of the name denotes.

Whilst conversing with Gen. Wall and the other gentlemen, however, Mr. R. was called off, and we have merely an indistinct recollection of him. He is, perhaps, rather younger than the other two gentlemen, but equals them in size and appearance. His face is oval, very fair and well featured, with a mild blue eye, and modest open countenance.

Speaking of the contest between these gentlemen and the other delegation, one of them observed to us, that they "were not sure of retaining their seats, as the investigation was not yet completed.

Hon. *James Gerry*. Mr. G. is a new member from Pennsylvania, and comes in the room of Hon. *Henry Logan*. He is quite a young man, with a tall, genteel figure, and finely proportioned limbs, and an easy, graceful carriage. His face is oval, or rather so, with bold, manly features, a keen, blue eye, and rather dark complexion. His countenance is firm and intelligent, and his manners, like all the Pennsylvanians, is plain and ingenuous.

LADIES.

Mrs. *Wall*. Mrs. W. is the lady of Hon. Garrett D. Wall, U S Senator from New Jersey. She is about middle age, though her fine full features, and cheerful countenance gives her a young appearance. She is a tall, stout, majestic figure, with an oval face, rather pale, high forehead, and black piercing eyes. Her countenance is bright, open and benevolent, and her manners are easy and familiar—what we call every day manners in the west,

Gen. Wall we have mentioned in the 24th Congress. He does not, however, look one day older than he did at our first interview.

Mrs. *Cooper*. Mrs. C. is the lady of Hon. M. A. Cooper, representative from Georgia. From the general appearance of Mrs. Cooper, (though she was much indisposed at the time we called,) we should think she had but few equals in those domestic virtues, which impart happiness to all around her. She is quite a young looking woman to be the mother of seven children, but is much care worn. She is very tall, stout and stately. Her face is round and fair, with a soft azure eye, but such a countenance! It has a native sweetness and benignity that steals the heart. Her manners are so gentle, so natural and alluring, that to look on her is a feast to the mind.

The *Miss Coopers*. This lady has five daughters, none of them grown, however, but the three eldest, nearly of a size, is rapidly approaching womanhood.

Whoever has seen Mr. Cooper the *father*, may form some idea of the beauty of the daughters, when told that they are his image—all the girls resemble the father, and the boys are like the mother. The young ladies resemble each other so nearly, that a portrait of one might serve for the whole. Their features are round, full and fair, with mild, black eyes, so beautiful—so discreet—such blushing modesty, and so well behaved—the influence of the mother can easily be traced in the demeanor of the daughters—the same tranquillity of manner, and the same copy of nature. Mrs. Cooper may well point to her children and say, "These are my jewels."

At the same house (Mrs. Thompson's, Capitol hill,) we found two very interesting young ladies, perhaps the daughters of the landlady! and yet another!! We met with a little girl at this house, four years of age, the most extraordinary child, both for sense and beauty, at this time, perhaps in the world. It is said she is a daughter of a Mr. Cox in one of the departments.

About the commencement of the present session of Congress, we happened to make some remarks upon the improvement of society in the new states—the western and southwestern inclusive.

We observed that the people of those states were leaving the old states behind in mental improvement—their numerous schools and seminaries notwithstanding. In doing so, we referred to several ladies from those states as examples, and amongst them Mrs. *Senator Young*, of *Illinois*. Without more than a general remark upon that lady, intending to call upon her when we had more leisure,

Mrs. Y. is a youthful looking woman, allowing for the time she has been married. In height and size, she may be reckoned the standard which custom and taste has defined, to be the excellence of beauty and proportion—(it is, however, proportion, attitudes, lights and shades, that constitutes beauty,) that is, she is neither too tall nor too low. Her figure is exquisitely moulded, and the free and easy motion of her limbs is exceedingly graceful and attractive. Her face is oval, of the middling shade, and her features are regular and interesting. Her forehead, as in all fine faces, is deep and retreating. But the most striking part of her visage is the eye, which is a dark blue, large and liquid—the long black eye lashes, and lively motion of the eye imparts to her countenance much life and animation. Her manners have a nameless charm, and her conversation bespeaks her a woman of no common acquirements.

As we formerly observed, this lady was greatly admired in Europe.

Mrs. *Dana*. Mrs. D. is the lady of *Hon. Amasa Dana*, a new representative from the empire State, (whom we never saw.) She is quite a young, fresh looking woman, about the height of Mrs. Young—somewhat taller, perhaps, with a light figure, of singular beauty. Her face is oval, extremely fair and lovely, with a slight tinge of the rose. Her deep lilly forehead, smooth as ivory, and her large, limpid blue eye, so mild and winning. Her countenance is open and very impressive, and her manners are plain and simplicity itself.

To be continued.

UNITED STATES NAVY.

Whether it be want of talent or skill in our country, or want of integrity, it is not in our power to ascertain. But *certain* it is, there is something materially wrong, either in the theory or the practice of the commanders and inferior officers of the United States Navy. Every seaman that we have seen, who has served in the navy, complains bitterly of cruel and barbarous treatment, and refuse to return to the service again.

The complaint is chiefly of barbarous whippings with the colt, without *fault*, without *trial*, and without the *knowledge* of the commanding officer.

The lieutenants and midshipmen stand charged with this brutal treatment! There is no question on this point. There are some in the city at this moment, genteel, fine, noble looking men, whom we have known from childhood, who served in the North Carolina, that can show the proof on their *backs*, inflicted by poor contemptible puppies, who unfortunately *abound* in our navy, whose pride and insolence is insufferable.

Suppose we should happen to be plunged into [war—] [as it is rumored,] where would we get seamen? We should have either to hire men from abroad, or resort to impressment at home! As our own people hold the navy in such horror, that no money can induce them to enlist.

We see a "Committe on Naval Affairs," both in the Senate and in the House—and we have seen the same for 12 years past. But whether they go to the bottom of these "AFFAIRS," or skim over the surface, I leave to the people to judge—and as for the court martial, they are, for the most part, a mere farce.

SHIPPING AND NAVY YARDS.

The Navy Yards—what are they doing? Very little, we fancy. They were designed for building vessels of war—this is the idea held out, whilst the cost of supporting these navy yards, [the only fact we are certain of,] is immense—enough to support a fleet. Where is the work they have done? Let it be produced. "Oh we are making anchors and tanks." But where is the anchors and tanks? Where is the vessels to put them in?

Here is a navy yard in this city, under the very nose of Congress. What has it done? What is it doing? Two hundred workmen, [if we are correct,] and, perhaps 20 or 30 overlookers, clerks and bosses, all paid off in specie twice a month, requiring a cart to haul it into the yard—and for what? Building fine houses and new workshops every year—and for what is all this? One would think they would turn out at least one vessel in six years, instead of that we have heard of but one vessel being launched at this yard in *fifteen years*. We beg to be corrected if wrong.

Instead of building ships, they are building new work shops and splendid houses, whilst there are several large buildings, 140 to 150 feet long, two stories high, standing empty, with the exception of a few sheets of copper spread over the floor.

Not long since a splendid office for clerks was erected at the end of one of those buildings. But this was not fine enough, and a large brick edifice has been erected, with costly porticoes, fine enough for a foreign prince. A fine picture this; 200 workmen—30 to 40, perhaps 50 overlookers and clerks, *Navy* commissioners, &c. &c. at a cost which would maintain a respectable fleet! all this under the eye and in sight of these committees on *Navy* Affairs! Perhaps not a member of Congress has ever looked over the debit and credit of these Navy yards. This, we presume, is the fault of the Naval Commissioners.

WESTERN PALLADIUM.

This is the name of a *Harrison* and *Tyler* paper, published at *New Lisbon, Ohio.*

The 7th number before us, NEW SERIES, very neatly printed, on a super-royal sheet, at $2 per annum, in advance, and if not paid till the end of the year, $2 50.

It is published by *J. W. Harper* and *M. Fields*, the latter, if not both gentlemen, are well known to us; 'think Mr. H. is from Chambersburg, Pa. and Mr. Fields is well known in this city as a gentlemanly, high minded man.

He is a native of Md. and served his apprenticeship in Montgomery, Md. not half a day's ride from this city.

He was always opposed to the present party in power! The Palladium is edited with much ability and independence.

The editors tap their Senator, Judge Tappan very severely, upon the subject of reducing the working men's wages to "12½ cents per day," copying his own speech.

A Fish Story—An Arkansas paper tells a story of a cat fish, which is a little the toughest of any thing we have seen lately.

According to this paper, a few weeks since, a few boys, seven or eight years old, were swimming in the Arkansas, but a short distance from the agency, when one of them suddenly disappeared. The neighborhood was rallied and search made for the lost boy in vain. Some three or four days after, two men were walking down the opposite side of the river, when several crows were observed to fly up at a short distance from them. Curiosity attracted them to the spot, where they observed a catfish of enormous size lying in shoal water on the bar, partially eaten by the crows, with the legs of the lost boy protruding from its mouth. On examination it was found that the head had passed into the stomach of the fish, but being unable to swallow it further, or to close its jaws, was strangled, and floated to the place where he was found.

'Where is the East?' inquired the mistress of a school of one of her young pupils, whom she was questioning on the situations of the points, North, South, East and West. 'In the jug!' answered the little geographer.

A Yankee Mrs. Malaprop.—The Philosopher tells a laughable *lapsus linguiæ*, which happened to a worthy spinster in Middlesex county, several years ago. Counsellor S——, a very dark complexioned man, in whose family she resided, had joined a 'Society for propagating the Gospel among the Natick Indians.' One day, while he was attending a meeting of this society, a gentleman called at his house for him, and the lady in question said to him, 'The squire is not at home—for he has gone down to Natick to attend the meeting of the Society for propagating Indians.'

Boston Post.

Against the Inclination.—'Well miss,' said a knight of the birchen rod, 'can you decline a *kiss*?' 'Yes sir,' said the girl, dropping a perplexed courtesy, 'but I hate to most plaguely.'

Better than digging out Foxes.—A Russian land owner near Moscow, while digging out a fox, came upon a treasure estimated at six hundred thousand rubles, consisting of coins of Ivan IV. and several others of the early Czars. It is believed that the money was concealed by one of Mazeppa's aides de camp, who took refuge in that country.

As the dew lies longest and produces most fertility in the shade, so woman in the shade of domestic retirement, sheds around her path richer and more permanent blessings than man, who is more exposed to the glare of public life.

POETRY.

CORPORAL TRIM'S ADVICE TO THE PRINTER.

'I pity the printer,' said Uncle Toby.
'He is a poor devil,' rejoined I.

—

Toby, 'tis true the printer's life,
Is one of toil, and care, and strife,
With many a rub and hit;
To please us all he surely tries,
But what with truth and what with lies,
He never makes it fit.

The printer's life!—oh! hard it is,
Thus to endure the weekly quiz!
On efforts of his pen;
The printer no one can forgive,
The printer cannot sin and live—
He cannot please all men.

For all his works, yet ten to one,
That in the end he pleases none,
And only makes it worse.
Whene'er he thinks to please, he finds
He cannot suit the many minds,
But only gets a curse.

The pretty maid with pouting lip,
Turns o'er the paper thence to sip
A draught of Hymen's place;
But ah, the luckless printer then,
Has filled the sheet to please the men,
He loses Anna's grace!

At other times the party man,
With specs on nose sits down to scan,
The paper for its ire;
To search for libels, jeers and scoffs
He finds none there, his specs are off,
The weekly's in the fire!

With honest Trim, I freely say,
Were I a printer of this day,
I'd write to please myself.
I'd ne'er give up my ground for aught,
Retract a line, a word, a thought,
For all their paltry pelf!

By none's caprice would I be sway'd,
Their whims should never hurt my art,
I'd never swerve an inch.
I'd mark me out a line to take,
Nor follow in another's wake,
However hard the pinch.

Myself I'd please—I would not bend,
Corruption's courses to defend,
As modern printer's seem:
An independent course I'd plead,
And could I not in this succeed,
I'd freely kick the beam!

INTEMPERANCE.—Cyrus, when a youth, being at the court of his grandfather, Astyages, undertook one day to be the cup bearer at table. It was the duty of this officer to taste the liquor before it was presented to the king. Cyrus, without performing this ceremony, delivered the cup in a very graceful manner to his grandfather. The king reminded him of his omission, which he imputed to forgetfulness. No replied Cyrus, I was afraid to taste, because I apprehended there might be poison in the liquor: for not long since, at an entertainment which you gave, I observed that the lords of the court, after drinking of it became noisy and quarrelsome, and frantic. Even you sir, seemed to have forgotten that you were a king.

When the Earl of Cloncartie was captain of a man of war, and was cruizing on the coast of Guinea, he happened to lose his chaplain, who was carried off by a fever, on which the lieutenant, who was a Scotchman, gave him notice of it, saying, at the same time, 'that he had died a Roman Catholic.' 'Well, so much the better,' said his lordship. 'Oot awa, my lord, how can you say so of a British clergyman. 'Why, says his lordship, because I believe I am the first captain of a man of war that could boast of a chaplain who had any religion at all.'

An Irish gentleman once remarked in the House of Commons, that the French were the most restless people in the universe—adding very proudly, 'they were never at peace till they are engaged in another war.'

Patrick Noble, Governor of South Carolina, is dead.

☞REFECTORY.☜

BY JOHN P. HANCOCK, ESQ.

This Refectory is kept a few doors south of corner of 6th street and Penn. Av.

We have a double motive in mentioning this Eating House. First, because the landlord and lady are in every respect worof patronage, and 2d. because he is a relative of the great John Hancock, of Mass. first President of Congress.

TO PRINTERS.

For sale—a good Book and Job Printing Office viz—

1 Super Royal—printing press (iron nearly new.
1 Imperial printing press (iron) nearly new
1 Standing Press
357 lb 12 oz Long Primer
212 lb 8 oz Brevier
344 lb Bourgeois
102 lb 5 line Pica
Cannon—Shaded
Double Great Primer Gothic
11, 13, and 20 line Pica

With a variety of Fancy Letter, (some entirey new,) also Cases, Chaces, Composing Sticks, Cuts of various kinds, Brass Rules, Furniture, Imposing Stones, and Stands, Press Board, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

The whole will be sold on very reasonable terms—or will be divided to suit purchasers.

For terms apply at this Office.

HEAD-QUARTERS

JOSEPH SMITH, Seventh street, nearly opposite the Patriotic Bank, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has laid in, and always intends keeping on hand, a choice collection of WINES and LIQUORS of all kinds.

Norfolk Oysters, and all the Delicacies of the season, served up at the shortest notice, in the most approved manner, and on reasonable terms.

Having for many years been engaged in his present business, he feels confident in his ability to give general satisfaction to all those who may favor him with their custom.

J. S. returns his thanks to his friends and the public, for the share of patronage he has hitherto enjoyed, and hopes still to receive a continuance of it, at his new establishment, between D street and Louisiana avenue.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has taken the City Lunch, corner of 14th street and Pennsylvania avenue, formerly kept by John Hands, jr. where he intends keeping all the delicacies of the season, both in the eating and drinking way. Gentlemen will please call and taste for themselves.

Mar 1840 J. W. DEXTER.

STAR COFFEE HOUSE.

Penn. Av. near 13th street, (*south side.*)

The Bar is furnished with as good Spirituous Liquors, Wines, Porter, Ale and Cider as any other establishment in the city; and he intends keeping a constant supply of the best Oysters, *cooked in every way* and for rivate families.

JOHN PURDON.

MICHAEL McDERMOTT wishes to inform his customers and the Public in general, that he still continues to carry on the COACH MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, on Missouri avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets, where he keeps constantly on hand for sale Family Carriages, Barouches, Vehicles, Buggies, Sulkies, Gigs, Carryalls, &c., made of the best materials and by selected workmen. He hopes by strict attention to business, to receive a share of public patronage.

Repairing done as usual.

VEGETABLE COUGH SYRUP.

For Colds, Whooping Cough, Pain and Soreness in the Breast, Influenza, Consumption, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, and Diseases of the Breast, and Lungs generally.

In presenting this useful remedy to the public, the proprietor wishes to state that this Syrup is composed of Irish moss, combined with such other articles as have been found best calculated to afford relief in the above named diseases.

This medicine has been used very extensively and the proprietor has not known a single instance in which it has failed giving relief in diseases for which it is recommended, even in cases approaching to consumption, attended with bleeding at the lungs; and when all other remedies had failed, the most decided and flattering success has attended its use. Common Colds, which are generally the effect of obstructed perspiration, will yield to its influence in a few hours; when used in Asthma, Hoarseness, Wheezing and shortness of breath, it gives immediate relief; in Whooping Cough it is without a rival. It operates by gentle expectoration, and may be given both to adults and infants with perfect safety.

Prepared and sold by C. J. THORPE,
Chemist and Druggist

DR. HOFFMAN'S PREPARATION.—

A convenient cure for Tetters, Ringworms, &c. Just received and for sale by Wm. F. Bender, corner of 6th and Penn. Avenue.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—A fresh supply of the justly celebrated Fever and Ague Powders. Just received and for sale by Wm. F. Bender, corner of 6th st. and the Avenue.—Price 50 cents.

Cabinet Maker, Printer's Joiner, and Undertaker.

THE subscriber informs the public, that he is now about to commence in the various branches of his business at his old stand, near 7th street, between E and F streets, formerly occupied by Nathan Smith. He will make to order all kinds of CABINET WORK, at the shortest notice. PRINTER'S FURNITURE of every description made to order, and a portion will be kept on hand to suit the patterns of Intelligencer and Globe. He will attend to FUNERALS, as usual, in the city or country, at the shortest notice. Long experience in the business, directs him to adopt the northern custom of keeping coffins ready made on hand, with Shrouds, Sheets, and every thing necessary for immediate interment, in case of plague and sudden death. Two first-rate Hearses always in readiness to attend in this city or in the country.

PETER CALLAN.

june 15

THE HUMAN HAIR is warranted staid or restored, and the head kept free from Dandruff, by the genuine *Oldridge's Balm of Columbia.*

Remember the genuine as described below.

This is certified to by several Mayors, Ministers of the Gospel, British Consul, Physicians, and a great number of our most honorable citizens, to be seen where it is sold.

DARING FRAUD.—This article has been imitated by a notorious counterfeiter. Let it never be purchased or used unless it have the name of L. S. COMSTOCK, or the signature of COMSTOCK & CO. on a splendid wrapper. This is the only external test that will secure the Public from deception.

Apply at the wholesale and retail office, No 2 Fletcher street, near Maiden Lane and Pearl street.

COMSTOCK & CO
Wholesale Druggists, New York.

A great variety of the most worthless trash for the hair has sprung up on the credit of this article. This has stood the test of 21 years, and rapidly increased in favor.

Sold by Wm F Bender.

PILES! PILES! cured at last.—This terrible complaint is warranted cured in all cases by the true Hays' Liniment. In case of failure, the agents are forbidden to take any pay.

** Never buy unless it have the signature of Comstock & Co on the wrapper.

Sold by Wm F Bender, original proprietor for Solomon *Hays.*

PASSAGE TO NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, PETERSBURG, AND RICHMOND.—THREE TMES A WEEK.

The steamboats Alabama, Capt. Sutton, and Kentucky, Capt. Holmes, will commence to run three times a week, [alternately,] on Monday, the 4th of March next, leaving the lower end of Spear's wharf, Baltimore, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday afternoon, at 3½ o'clock, and arrive at Portsmouth next morning in time for the cars to Wilmington; and thence in steamboats to Charleston, which is the quickest, cheapest, and most comfortable route.

These boats also run in conection with the James river boats for Petersburg and Richmond, where they arrive next afternoon from Baltimore. This is likewise by far the most pleasant route; having a comfortable night's rest, and no changes from steamboats, stages, and railroads, in the dead of night, as on the Washington route. The company having bought the new and beautiful steamboat Jeweess for the purpose of running a daily line, due notice will be given thereof; and the company hope that travellers, will patronise this line assuring them that nothing shall be wanting on their part to give comfort and despatch.

JAMES FURGUSSON, Agent.

NEW BOOKS.

Romance of the Harem, by Miss Pardoe, author of 'City of the Sultan,' &c. in two volumes, 12mo.

The American in Paris, by John Sanderson, Esq. in two volumes, 12mo.

Indecision, a tale of the Far West, and other poems, by B. K. Mitchel, M. D. in one volume, 15mo.

Tales of Enterprise, for the amusement of youth, embellished with engravings on steel, in one small volume.

Just received and for sale at

GARRET ANDERSON'S,

Pennsylvania avenue, between 11th and 12th streets.

Mar 27

PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY COURIER.—Printed and published by A. M'Makin & E. Holden, at No. 72 Dock Street, corner of Walnut.

Terms of Subscription—$3 per annum, $2 if paid in advance $1,25 in advance for six months.

Of Advertising.—$1 per square for each inserion. No yearly advertising admitted. These terms have been adopted both because the number of subscribers are so much larger than all the daily papers united, as to make them actually cheaper, and because a repetition of old advertisments affords no interest to the readers.

Papers discontinued only at the option of the publishers, while arrearages are due.

Small notes are received in payment of our bills.

Any person forwarding $10 will be entitled to six copies.

Postage on letters must invariably be paid.

Travelling Agents will much oblige by sending the numbers and time paid for, as well as invariably the names paid.

All remittances of money by mail are acknowledged in the 'Receipts by Mail.'

Agents for this paper are earnestly requested to make quick remittances, without which it is impossible to keep accounts even.

When a single paper is ordered by an agent, and postage accrues, if is invariably charged to the subscriber.

Directions must always be accompanied with the name of the subscriber, and the Post Office at which a paper is discontinued or paid for, and in case of a removal, the office from, as well as to, which the paper is to be changed.

FRANKLIN INN.—The Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has fitted up the above establishment in a manner calculated to merit a renewal of his former patronage THOMAS BAKER.

nov. 17 tf.

FRESH

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS, &c.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, at

J. F. CALLAN'S,

Drug Store, Corner of E and 7th streets,

WASHINGTON CITY:

Among which may be found the following.

Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans, various kinds; Beets, every variety; Brussels Sprouts, Broceli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, Carrots, do. do. Cauliflowers, late and early, Celery, white and red, Chervil, or Salad, Corn Salad, Cress or Pepper Grass; Cucumber, late and early; Corn, early, prolific, and sweet; Egg Plant, white and purple; Endive Curled; Kale or Borecole; Leek, English and Scotch Lettuce, all the best sorts; Melons and Cantelopes; Nasturtium; Okra, excellent for Soups; Onions, white, red, and silver; Parsley, plain and curled; Parsnip, large; Peas, extra early, early and late; Pepper; Squash and other; Pumpkins, premium; Radishes, many sorts; Rhubarb, for Tarts, Salsify or Vegetable Oyster; Spinage, round and prickly; Squash, every variety Tomato, the finest kind; Turnip, all the best sorts, Onion Sets, &c. &c.

Splendid Flower Seeds, Bulbous Roots Dahlias, &c. &c.

☞These seeds are put up in small and convenient parcels, and are warranted true and genuine. The Roots, (particularly the Dahlias,) are of the most beautiful description, comprise all the new varieties, and will be sold at the New York prices.

** Orders from a distance punctually attended to, and Seeds, Roots and Plants carefully packed to go to any part of the United States.

THE GENUINE VEGETABLE PILLS

☞ $100 *if they fail.* ☜

An effectual remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Gravel, Strictures, &c. &c.

Of all the remedies yet discovered for the cure of these complaints, the Vegetable Pills have proved the most effectual. They make a speedy and permanent cure, without regard to diet or exposure, and in the most obstinate cases, where all other remedies have failed, these Pills have been known to effect permanent cures. In more slight cases, they seldom ever require a longer time than from THREE TO SIX DAYS to effect a cure, and never have been known to fail.

These Pills possess great advantage over all other remedies of the kind, as they do not effect the breath, or cause any sickness of the stomach whatever; on the contrary they may be taken without the knowledge of the most intimate friend.

N. B. These Pills are put up in square boxes, with full directions accompanying each box, at $1 per box.

For sale Wholesale and Retail at the Drug Store, corner of Sixth street and Penn. Avenue, V. Harbaugh Charles Stott, W. Kirkwood, Washington, and by James Barry, Navy Yard.

PASSAGE TO CHARLESTON, S. C

THE steam packet GEORGIA, Captain Rollins will make a trip from Norfolk to Charleston on Friday the 16th instant; and on and after the 3d March next, she and the SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. Coffey, will commence their regular run of once a week, leaving Norfolk every Saturday, and Charleston every Friday. The engines have been overhauled and put in complete order.

These packets and officers are so well known to Southern travellers, it would be superfluous to say any thing of either. Each of them is furnished with 150 of the most approved Life Preservers. Passengers leaving Philadelphia the day previous will reach there by the Norfolk boats in full time.

Passage through from Philadelphia - $30
" " " Baltimore 28
" " " Norfolk - - 25

Tickets may be had at the Baltimore Steamboat Office, Philadelphia, lower end of Chesnut street and at the Norfolk Steamboat Office, Baltimore end of Spear's wharf.

All baggage at the risk of the owners.

feb21 JAMES FERGUSON.

Cabinet, Chair, and Sofa Manufactory,
AND
UPHOLSTERY

G. W. DONN & CO.

Respectfully inform their friends, and the public in general, that they carry on the above named business in its various branches, and will manufacture to order any article in their line, also repair furniture of all descriptions in the best manner.

Their stock on hand in their Ware-room, on Pennsylvania Avenue, equidistant from the railroad depot and Capitol gate, will consist of

Spring and cushion-seat Sofas, Sofa Bedsteads
Sideboards, Bureaus, (column, dressing and common)
Centre, side, column, pier, dressing, sofa, loo, dining and breakfast Tables
Wardrobes, Bedsteads
Mahogany, Rocker, parlor and other Chairs
Hair, moss and shuck Mattresses, &c.

All of which are of the best workmanship, and will be sold as reasonable as at any other establishment in Washington.

Persons wishing to exchange their old furniture for new will give us a call.

Funerals attended to.

NEW BOOKS.—Damascus and Palmyra, a Journey in the East, with a sketch of this state and prospects of Syria, under Ibraham Pasha, by Charles D. Addison of the Inner Temple.

Outward Bound, or a Merchant's Adventures, the author of 'Ratlin the Reefer,' &c.

Are just received, for sale at
GARRET ANDERSON'S
Book, Stationary, and Fancy Store,
sept 8—tf

INDIAN RESTORATIVE,

For Restoring and Promoting the Growth of Hair.

THIS article not only promotes the Growth of Hair, but makes it soft and pliable. It prevents its falling off, and affords effectual nourishment to the Roots, restores it to its natural color, improves the beauty, and gradually changes light or red hair, to that of a brown or black. It also removes Dandruff, prevents baldness, and so extremely pleasant to use, that parents will find it of great advantage in cleaning children's heads; (as it is of great benefit to the health,) and is far superior to all other Restoratives, Balsams or Oils—and particularly in cases of Fever, when the hair begins to fall off. There has never been any thing so effectual as the 'Indian Restorative.'

To be had Wholesale and Retail of Wm. F. Bender, corner of 6th st. and Penn. Av. and by Charles Stott, corner of 7th street and Penn. Av. Washington City, D. D.

In Baltimore by Dr. A. Pena, No. 2 South street.

CABINET CHAIR AND SOFA MANUFACTORY.

EDWIN GREEN has now on hand, and will continue to keep, for manufacture to order his old Cabinet Manufactory, corner of C and 4½ streets, every variety in the above line, consisting—

Sideboards, with marble and mahogany tops
Pedestal and Pier Tables, with marble tops
Canged, Pilaster, plain and common Wardrobes
Sofas and Lounges of every variety
Mahogany Chairs do do
ncy and common do do do
Dining Tables do do
Card do do do
Dressing Bureaus, with marble and mahogany do
Scroll and Common Bureaus
Washstands, with marble, mahogany, and plted tops
Mahogany French high and low post bedsteads
Maple and Common do do
Centre Tables, with marble and mahogany tops
Music stools, Cribs, Cradles
Hair, Moss, and Shuck Matrasses, &c. of the best workmanship and material, which he will sell especially for cash, as low as any manufactory in the Union.

Mahogany in the board, plank, and veneer, of various qualities, suitable for cabinet-makers and joiners, will always be kept for sale as low as can be bought elsewhere.

Repairing and varnishing promptly executed.

Furniture cars, with careful attendants, accustomed to handling furniture, will be kept for hire.

M. S. POWELL'S
SEED STORE
AND
Mulberry and Silk Agency,

No. 6 WALNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

GOLD LEAF.—50 packets Philadelphia and Boston deep Gold Leaf, for sale by
J. L. PEABODY,
Centre Market Space.

ILLINOIS FARNS FOR SALE.

I have the disposal of several valuable farms in the State of Illinois, near Springfield, which will be sold a bargain, or exchanged for District property. Some of them are handsomely improved, and in a good state of cultivation. Apply to
W. W. CORCORAN.

PROPOSALS
FOR
PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTIONS

The Authentic Report of the Controversial Discussion, that took place in the City of Dublin, in the year 1827, between the Rev. THOMAS MAGUIRE, and the Rev R. T. P. POPE.

This celebrated work, the most remarkable controversal discussion of modern times, having gone through twenty-one editions in England and Ireland, where it is still read with extraordinary vidity, and in the United States passed through three editions, all of which are exhusted to the last copy; and the demand for it from all quarters, Catholic and Protestant, being still very great, it is proposed to re-publish it in Weekly Numbers at such a price as to put it within the reach of all without oppressing any.

Those in the City of N. York, who wish the work, will be served by leaving their names with the publisher, John Doyle, 294, Pearl Street, those at a distance can have it regularly mailed to them, by remitting one dollar in a post-paid letter.

Agents:—Mr. Patrick Conolly, 118 Ann St. Boston;—Henry Mc Keon, Willings Alley, Philadelphia;—Mr. John Farnon, Utica, N. Y.;—Mr. Mathew McLeod, Georgetown, D. C.;—Mr. Peter Haynes, Savannah, Geo.—and the office of the U. S. Catholic Miscellany, Charleston, S. C.

It is a well known fact that this great controversy has converted more sectaries to the Catholic Church in England and Ireland, than any other work whatever; and has also been the happy means of bringing great numbers to the true faith in the United States. It is therefore hoped that every sincere Catholic will lend his aid, by putting down his name, to prevent so valuable a work from being out of print, more particularly when for his subscription, he will receive the utmost value.

CONDITIONS.

1. One thousand copies only will be printed.

2. The paper and print will both be excellent.

3. It will be issued in weekly parts at twelve and a-half cents each part payable on delivery.

4. The number of parts it will make cannot be ascertained with accuracy at present, but should it exceed eight, the overplus will be given gratis.

JAMES T. ADAMS
Lock and Gunsmith, and Bell Hanger,

Sixth street, between C and Louisiana Avenue
WASHINGTON,

Respectfully informs the public, that he will execute in a workman-like manner, all business in the above line, and in a way that will give satisfaction to his employers, with punctuality and despatch.

Nov 24, 1828

WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILROAD.

—The passenger trains on this road will daily start as follows, to wit.

From Washington for Baltimore, at 6 o'clock, a m and at 4 3-4 do. p m

From Baltimore for Washington, at 9 o'clock, a m and at 4 do p m

Passengers by the morning train, if proceeding westwardly, can connect with the western train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at the Relay House, reach Frederick in time for the western stages that leave there at 12 o'clock noon, or Harper's Ferry in time for the evening train to Winchester; while passengers travelling eastwardly are conveyed through to Philadelphia without unnecessary detention at Baltimore, reaching Philadelphia in time for the evening line to New York, and thus accomplishing the journey from Washington to New York in one day.

Under no circumstances whatever can the train be delayed beyond the hour fixed for starting. It is, therefore, respectfully suggested that passengers procure their tickets the previous evening; to enable them to do which, the office will be kept open till 7 1-2 o'clock, p. m

By order.

feb 1 SAM. STETTINIUS, Agent.

NOTICE TO WESTERN TRAVELLERS.

FARE 2 dollars cheaper than any other line to Frederick or Wheeling.

The Fredericktown stage leaves the office opposite Gadsby's Hotel, daily, for Frederick and Wheeling. Passengers securing their seats at this office or in Baltimore, have a decided preference over all other passengers that steam it, for the West.

The stage will leave Fredericktown daily on the arrival of the Western stages, and arrive at Washington in time to take all Southern routes. By this line the passengers will arrive at Winchester the same day.

The coaches and teams on this route are of the first quality, with skilful and attentive drivers, and the proprietor pledges himself that every attention and accommodation will be given to the passengers who give this line their patronage.

feb 19 JOHN BROWN, Proprietor.

AGENCY AT WASHINGTON.

JAMES H. CAUSTIN, (late of Baltimore having made this city his permanent residence and located his dwelling and office directly opposite to the Department of State, will undertaeke with his accustomed zeal and diligence the settlement of claims generally, and more particularly claims before Congress against the United States or the several departments thereof, and before any board of commissioners that may be raised for the adjustment of spoilation or other claims. He has now in charge the entire class arising out of French spoilations prior to the year 1800, with reference to which, in addition to a mass of documents and proofs in his possession, he has access to those in the archives of the Government.

Claimants and pensioners or the Navy fund, &c. bounty lands, return duties, &c. and those requiring life insurance, can have their business promptly attended to by letter, (post paid,) and thus relieve themselves from an expensive and inconvenient personal attendance.

Having obtained a commission of Notary Public, he is prepared to furnish legalized copies of any required public documents or other papers. He has been so long engaged in the duties of an agent, that it can only be necessary now to say that economy and prompt attention shall be extended to all business confided to his care; and that, to enable him to render his services and facilities more efficacious, he has become familiar with all the forms of office.

SHERWOOD'S ELECTRO MAGNETIC REMEDIES FOR CHRONIC DISEASES of the class of Hypetrophy, including the forms of Scrofula, viz: Tubercula Consumption, Dyspepsia, Chronic Disease of the Liver, of the Heart of the Spleen, of the Kidneys, of the Spine, White Swellngs, Scrofulous Sore Eyes, Scald Head King' Evil, Leucorrhœa, Chlorosis, Menorrhagia or Females complaints.

These are but different modifications of the same disease, arising from the same cause, distinguished by the same diagnosis, and curable by the same remedies. Their common cause is an irregular action of the Electro-Galvanic forces in the system; they may all be detected by pressure upon the sides of the vertebræ and glands of the neck which elicits the Electro-Galvanic symptom, and they may be cured by these Electro-magnetic remedies: The latter are accompanied by a compendious medical treatise, explaining the principles the discovery upon which they are founded, only stating the manner in which they are to be applied In this work Dr. Sherwood demonstrates the fact that every part of the human body, together with every particle of animate and inanimate matter is either in a negative or positive state of electricity, and that every motion, in all matter, whether in the largest masses or in the smallest particles. is produced by the attracting and repelling forces of this universal principle. The morbid action which produces disease of the organs or limbs. he proves to be occasioned by the undue preponderance of one of these forces in the system and his remedies restore health by subduing this irregular action to an equilibrium. By this means the very seeds of the disease are eradicated, and a permanent cure effected, even in cases where all hope of relief from other sources is abandoned. The Electro-Magnetic remedies are the only preparations applicable to this prevailing class of diseases and they never disappoint the confidence reposed in them The symptoms of the class of diseases to which they are applicable can be discovered, under the directions contained in the work which accompanies them without the aid of a physician, and they can be used with perfect safety and success without confinement, dieting or inconvenience, or any other further advice than this work affords. Price $10, for sale by

W. F. BENDER,
Corner between Brown's and Gadsb's.
March 16, 1838.

J. F. CALLAN

WASHINGTON,

Has just received a fresh supply of
Perfumery, Fancy Soaps and Cosmetics,

Manufactured by Johnson & Co. Wholesale Perfumers, (successors to Snyder & Co.) sign of the Civet Cat, corner of Cedar and William streets New York.

Cold Cream.

This exquisite preparation will be found particularly efficacious in all cuticular irritation, and as an emollient, its soothing and cooling properties stand unrivalled. No pains have been spared to produce it of the rarest quality, from the purest of materials, and we confidently offer it as an article of first rate toilet standing, which if equalled, certainly cannot be surpassed by any composition whatever.

Florida Water.

A most delicious perfume and agreeable change from the Eau de Cologne, whose delicacy and potent fragrancy it rivals. From its retentive qualities, it will be found an economical and powerful distribus of sweets for handkerchiefs or linen.

Bears' Oil.

This preparation is recommended as possessing all the restorative qualities of the Bears' Grease, without the unpleasantness attending its use, and by the strength it acquires by concentration, a much less quantity will produce the same result It has also another property—that of purity, which however carefully Bears Grease may be prepared it cannot possess, indeed the Oil has so far superseded the use of the Grease by its superior cleanliness, that the latter is but in little or no demand. The Oil now offered has been clarified from all impurities in the most skilful manner, by a chemical process, and is rendered very agreeable by being highly scented with the pure Persian Otto of Rose

GRECIAN DYE.

For changing the Color of the Hair, from Red or Grey to a Brown or Black.

Directions for Use.—1st. Too great care cannot be taken to cleanse the hair from grease, as the dye will not take effect unless it be entirely removed. To do which, wash the hair in a solution of about a quarter of an ounce of pearlash to a quart of water, until it be perfectly clean; and, when it has become perfectly dry, is fitted to receive the preparation.

2d. To prevent the Dye from coloring the skin grease the part around the hair which may be liable to be touched with it.

3d. To apply the Dye, shake it well, so as to raise the settling at the bottom; then, (having a piece of sponge ready, tied to the end of a small stick, about an inch wide,) pass a small comb in a he roots of the hair to prevent the skin becoming discolored, pour a little into a cup or glass, comb the hair in one direction, dip your sponge into the dye, and rub it over the hair until it becomes quite wet; let it remain till dry; then comb the hair in an opposite direction; repeat it till brown, and so on till the hair becomes black. The application could be made, the person sitting in the sun, for the brighter the atmosphere, the finer the dye becomes. If applied at night, or in the damp, it will have the desired effect.

4th. The day after the application of the dye wash the dye in a solution of salt. (Form it of one ounce of salt to one pint of rain water.) This will set the color, and give it brilliancy.

Lastly. To avoid soiling the Skin or Linen, throw a cloth over the shoulders, wear gloves to protect the hands, and should any of the liquid accidentally drop upon the skin, wipe it off immediately with a wet towel, and be careful not to take overmuch of the dye in the sponge at once. It may not be amiss to observe, that after the dye is set, washing the hair will rather improve than be any injury to it.

Honey Water.

As a wash for the hair, or for imparting a wild fragrancy to linen, this perfume possesses a delicacy which renders it peculiarly agreeable; in warm weather, from its revifying properties, it must always be considered as a neat and appropriate article for the toilet.

OTTAR GUL.

SPIRIT OF ROSES.

The perfume of the Rose has something so transcendently etherial, that it obtains in Persia, its native home, the name of Ottar or Soul: and the east of Roses, when these flowers break into bloom, is there celebrated with all that can be conceived of Eastern magnificence. To describe its qualities would be superfluous—sufficient it is to say, that the Spirit of "Roses" is inferior only to the genuine Persian Ottar, and indeed it approximates so closely as to be but with great difficulty distinguished. As a favorite with the fair, their own lovely type, it will ever stand unrivalled, and be cherished by them so long as taste and elegance hall remain.

Rose Water.

This is an article of universal repute, so much so, that it has even found its way into the mysteries of culinary skill, by which it is employed in imparting a flavor to conserves, &c. It behoves every one, therefore, to take particular care from whence they obtain it. Kimball and Co. pledge themselves that their Rose Water is a simple distillation from the queen of flowers, and that it is entirely free from any artificial compound; consequently, its native delicacy and fragrancy are not only preserved but its use rendered innoxious as that of pure spring water.

Amboyna Lotion.

Next to cleanliness, (says the most celebrated dentist of the day,) I know nothing so conducive to the preservation of the Teeth and Gums, or to the purifying the breath, as the Amboyna Lotion and I advise every one who sets a value upon their possession invariably to use it."

With such strong remarks upon its merits, it would be futile in the proprietors to add in praise one word of their own; they will therefore confine themselves to giving proper directions for its use.

The Teeth should be cleansed with a soft brush, and the Botsneal Tooth Powder every morning, and the mouth and Gums rinsed with the Lotion by attending to these simple directions, those who have good Teeth, will infallibly preserve them and those whose Teeth have a tendency to decay will have the consolation of discovering that they can proceed no further.